AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. canceled

2. (currently amended) The An integrated circuit incorporating an Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) protection device according to claim 1 comprising:

a semiconductor substrate;

an electrical contact pad;

an ESD switch coupled to the pad and having an active device region formed in the semiconductor substrate; and

a dynamic shock absorbing region formed in the semiconductor substrate

adjacent to said active device region, said dynamic shock absorbing region made from

a material with thermo-mechanical properties substantially more resistant to shock from

dynamic effects of ESD than said active device region, wherein said thermo-mechanical

properties include a dynamic loss factor higher than approximately 0.01.

2 3. (currently amended) The An integrated circuit incorporating an Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) protection device according to claim 1 comprising:

a semiconductor substrate;

an electrical contact pad;

an ESD switch coupled to the pad and having an active device region formed in the semiconductor substrate; and

a dynamic shock absorbing region formed in the semiconductor substrate

adjacent to said active device region, said dynamic shock absorbing region made from

a material with thermo-mechanical properties substantially more resistant to shock from dynamic effects of ESD than said active device region, wherein said thermo-mechanical properties further include a melting temperature higher than approximately 800 °K.

3 A. (currently amended) The An integrated circuit incorporating an Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) protection device according to claim 1 comprising:

a semiconductor substrate;

an electrical contact pad;

an ESD switch coupled to the pad and having an active device region formed in the semiconductor substrate; and

adjacent to said active device region, said dynamic shock absorbing region made from a material with thermo-mechanical properties substantially more resistant to shock from dynamic effects of ESD than said active device region, wherein said thermo-mechanical properties further include a moderately low stiffness as defined by an elastic modulus approximately in the range of 10 GPa and 100 GPa (Giga Pascals).

(currently amended) The An integrated circuit incorporating an Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) protection device according to claim 1 comprising:

a semiconductor substrate;

an electrical contact pad;

an ESD switch coupled to the pad and having an active device region formed in the semiconductor substrate; and

a dynamic shock absorbing region formed in the semiconductor substrate

adjacent to said active device region, said dynamic shock absorbing region made from

a material with thermo-mechanical properties substantially more resistant to shock from

dynamic effects of ESD than said active device region, wherein said thermo-mechanical

properties further include a tensile strength higher than approximately 100 MPa.

12 8. (currently amended) The integrated circuit incorporating an Electrostatic
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Discharge (ESD) protection device according to claim 1 claims 2; 3; 4-or-5; wherein the
ESD switch has one or more sides, and wherein the dynamic shock absorbing region
formed in the semiconductor substrate is located in trenches adjacent to the one or
more sides of the ESD switch.

(currently amended) The integrated circuit incorporating an Electrostatic 1 2 3 so 4 Discharge (ESD) protection device according to claim 1 claims 2, 3, 4 or 5; wherein the ESD switch is a transistor.

Discharge (ESD) protection device according to claim 1 claims 2, 3, 4 or 5, wherein the dynamic shock absorbing region is configured above the active device region.

Discharge (ESD) protection device according to claim 1 claims 2, 3, 4 or 5, wherein the dynamic shock absorbing region is configured below the active device region of the ESD switch.

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Discharge (ESD) protection device according to claim 1 claims 2, 3, 4 or 5, wherein said dynamic shock absorbing region made from a material with thermo-mechanical properties substantially more resistant to dynamic shock than said active device region is selected from the group consisting of hard polymers, amorphous carbon, carbon-carbon composite or carbon-polymer composite.

Discharge (ESD) protection device according to claim 1 claims 2, 3, 4 or 5, wherein said dynamic shock absorbing region is surrounded by a dielectric region.

12. canceled

Discharge (ESD) protection device according to claim 12 comprising:

a semiconductor substrate;

an ESD switch having an active device region formed in the semiconductor substrate; and

a plurality of dynamic shock absorbing regions formed around the active device region, said dynamic shock absorbing region made from a material with thermomechanical properties substantially more resistant to shock from dynamic effects of ESD than said active device region, wherein said thermo-mechanical properties include a dynamic loss factor higher than approximately 0.01.

14. (currently amended) The An integrated circuit incorporating an Electrostatic

Discharge (ESD) protection device according to claim 12 comprising:

a semiconductor substrate;

an ESD switch having an active device region formed in the semiconductor substrate; and

a plurality of dynamic shock absorbing regions formed around the active device region, said dynamic shock absorbing region made from a material with thermomechanical properties substantially more resistant to shock from dynamic effects of ESD than said active device region, wherein said thermo-mechanical properties further include a melting temperature higher than approximately 800 °K.

Js. (currently amended) The An integrated circuit incorporating an Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) protection device according to claim 12 comprising:

a semiconductor substrate;

an ESD switch having an active device region formed in the semiconductor substrate; and

a plurality of dynamic shock absorbing regions formed around the active device region, said dynamic shock absorbing region made from a material with thermomechanical properties substantially more resistant to shock from dynamic effects of ESD than said active device region, wherein said thermo-mechanical properties further include a moderately low stiffness as defined by an elastic modulus approximately in the range of 10 GPa and 100 GPa (Giga Pascals).

Discharge (ESD) protection device according to claim 12 comprising:

a semiconductor substrate;

an ESD switch having an active device region formed in the semiconductor substrate; and

a plurality of dynamic shock absorbing regions formed around the active device region, said dynamic shock absorbing region made from a material with thermomechanical properties substantially more resistant to shock from dynamic effects of ESD than said active device region, wherein said thermo-mechanical properties further include a moderately high tensile strength higher than approximately 100 MPa.

Discharge (ESD) protection device according to claim 12 claims 13; 14: 15 or 16, further comprising a dielectric layer formed in between said ESD switch and said dynamic shock absorbing region.

19 18. (currently amended) The integrated circuit incorporating an Electrostatic 5.6.7 et 8. Discharge (ESD) protection device according to claim 12 claims 13, 14, 15 or 16 and further comprising a passivation layer formed above said dynamic shock absorbing region.

Discharge (ESD) protection device according to claim 12 claims 13, 14, 15-or 16, wherein said ESD switch has a gate region and wherein said gate region is formed from a thermo-mechanical energy sink material, and wherein said thermo-mechanical energy sink material is substantially more resistant to thermo-mechanical expansion than the semiconductor substrate.

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20. (original) The integrated circuit incorporating an Electrostatic Discharge 20 (ESD) protection device according to claim 18, wherein said thermo-mechanical energy sink material has physical properties including a high melting temperature higher than approximately 2000 °K.

(ESD) protection device according to claim 19, wherein said thermo-mechanical energy sink material has physical properties further including a high tensile strength higher than approximately 300 MPa.

22. (original) The integrated circuit incorporating an Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) protection device according to claim 19, wherein said thermo-mechanical energy sink material has physical properties further including a low thermal expansion coefficient lower than approximately 5 x 10⁻⁶ °K⁻¹.

23. (currently amended) The integrated circuit incorporating an Electrostatic 6.7 sh 8. Discharge (ESD) protection device according to claim 12 claims 13, 14, 15 or 16, further comprising a second dynamic shock absorbing region formed in the semiconductor substrate in thermal contact with said active device region, said second dynamic shock absorbing region made from a material with thermo-mechanical properties substantially more resistant to shock from the dynamic effects of ESD than said active device region.

24. (currently amended) The integrated circuit incorporating an Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) protection device according to claim 12 claims 13, 14, 15 or 16, wherein the ESD switch has one or more sides, the device further comprising a third

dynamic shock absorbing region located adjacent to the one or more sides of the ESD switch.

25. canceled

26. (currently amended) An integrated circuit incorporating an Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) protection device according to claim 25 comprising:

a semiconductor substrate;

an ESD circuit comprising a switch having an active device region formed in the semiconductor substrate and one or more passive circuit components; and

means for absorbing dynamic shock from at least one of the switch and one or more passive components in response to an ESD event, wherein said means for absorbing shock comprises a region above the active device region made from a material with thermo-mechanical properties resistant to shock from dynamic effects of ESD, the thermo-mechanical properties including a high material dynamic loss factor higher than approximately 0.01.

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27. (currently amended) The integrated circuit incorporating an Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) protection device according to claim 25,28, and further comprising a second dynamic shock absorbing region formed below the active device region, said second dynamic shock absorbing region made from a material with thermo-mechanical properties resistant to shock from the dynamic effects of ESD, the thermo-mechanical properties including a high material dynamic loss factor higher than approximately 0.01.

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28. (currently amended) The integrated circuit incorporating an Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) protection device according to claim 25,27, wherein the ESD switch also has one or more sides, wherein the means for absorbing shock further comprises a third dynamic shock absorbing region formed adjacent to the one or more sides of the ESD switch, said third dynamic shock absorbing region made from a material with thermo-mechanical properties resistant to shock from the dynamic effects of ESD, the thermo-mechanical properties including a high material dynamic loss factor higher than approximately 0.01.

l O 29. (currently amended) An integrated circuit incorporating an Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) protection device according to claim 25 comprising:

a semiconductor substrate;

an ESD circuit comprising a switch having an active device region formed in the semiconductor substrate and one or more passive circuit components, wherein said ESD switch has a gate region and wherein said gate region is formed from a thermomechanical energy sink material, said thermo-mechanical energy sink material being substantially resistant to thermo-mechanical expansion and having physical properties including a low thermal expansion coefficient lower than approximately 5 x 10⁻⁶ °K⁻¹; and

means for absorbing dynamic shock from at least one of the switch and one or more passive components in response to an ESD event.

Discharge (ESD) protection device according to claim 25 comprising:

a semiconductor substrate;

an ESD circuit comprising a switch having an active device region formed in the semiconductor substrate and one or more passive circuit components, wherein said active device region of said switch is formed from a thermo-mechanical energy sink material, said thermo-mechanical energy sink material substantially resistant to thermo-mechanical expansion and having physical properties including a low thermal expansion coefficient lower than approximately 5 x 10⁻⁶ °K⁻¹; and

means for absorbing dynamic shock from at least one of the switch and one or more passive components in response to an ESD event.

Claims 31 – 35 (canceled)